13 – Town of New Hope

- 13.1 Local Hazard Mitigation Planning Team
- -
- Primary Point of Contact

Todd Knepfel Town Chair 1167 Maple Ridge Road Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715-824-3452 chair@tn.newhope.wi.gov

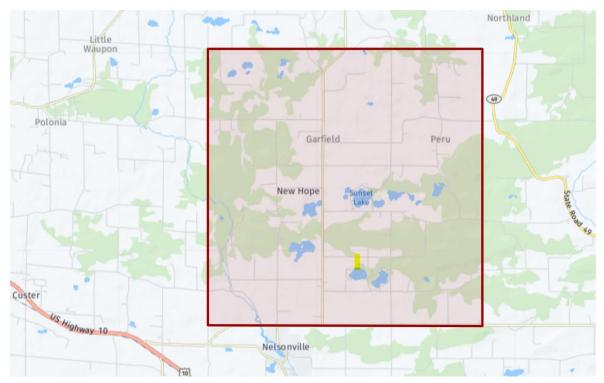
Alternate Point of Contact

Pat Zellmer Town Clerk 1501 County Road ZZ North Amherst Junction, WI 54407 715-677-4784 clerk@tn.newhope.wi.gov

This annex was developed by the local hazard mitigation planning team, whose members are listed in Table 13-1.

Name	Title
Timm Raddatz	Town Supervisor
Ray Reser	Town Supervisor
Dorene Stolpa	Town Treasurer

Town of New Hope, Portage County, WI.



- 13.2 Jurisdiction Profile

13.2.1 Location and Features

The Town of New Hope is located in northeast Portage County, approximately 18 miles northeast of the City of Stevens Point. State Highway 161 forms the southern edge of New Hope, with Waupaca County on the east, the Town of Alban to the north, and the Towns of Sharon and Stockton on the west. The Town of New Hope currently ranks fifteenth in population size out of 17 Towns in Portage County, about 1.0% of Portage County's population of 70,377), and encompasses 23,323 acres (36.44 square miles or ~4.43% of Portage County's area of 823 square miles). The unincorporated communities of New Hope, Garfield, and Peru are located within the town borders. https://wisconsin.hometownlocator.com/

New Hope lies completely on the terminal moraine of the last Wisconsin glaciation, with an elevation of 1224 feet. The topography of New Hope is hilly with some kettles and a number of small kettle lakes: Sunset, Minister, Skunk, Rinehardt, Onland, Budsberg/Severson, Hintz, Reton, and Johnson Lakes (see chart). Most of these lakes have been named after pioneer families. Because they have no outlet and are not fed by streams, these lakes represent the surface of the water table. Lake levels are highly variable, completely dependent on ground water level. Three of the lakes (Sunset, Rinehart, Budsberg/Severson) have public access.

Sunset Lake, the largest of these lakes, is one of the most beautiful lakes in New Hope, with a public beach and county park along the east side of the lake.

New Hope Lakes	Size, in Acres	Maximum Depth	Public Access, within 1000 ft.
Sunset Lake	63 acres	55 feet	Public Boat landing, Public Park, Public Beach
Minister (Preacher) Lake	17 acres	15 feet	No Public Access
Onland Lake	48 acres	28 feet	No Public Access
Rinehart Lake	43 acres	27 feet	Public Boat Landing
Hintz Lake	41 acres	6 feet	No Public Access
Reton Lake	26 acres	10 feet	No Public Access
Skunk Lake	21 acres	26 feet	No Public Access
Budsberg Lake	20 acres	60 feet	Ice Age Trail
Johnson Lake	4 acres	7 feet	No Public Access

The Ice Age Trail, spanning 1,200 miles across the State, runs through the eastern border of New Hope, and includes miles of public hiking trails.

New Hope (Rusted) Pines (Sunset Road) is one of the largest and least disturbed northern dry-mesic forests remaining in central Wisconsin, per the WI DNR. It has been a State Natural Area since 1983, and offers hiking through a forest reminiscent of pre-settlement pineries.

The Richard A. Hemp Fishery Area is a 1,372-acre trout stream corridor, open to fishing, hunting, hiking, snowmobiling, cross-country skiing, and other outdoor activities. Multiple access sites are available.

https://wisconsin.hometownlocator.com/counties/subdivisions/data,n,town%20of%20new%20hope,id,550975685 0,cfips,097.cfm#demographic

13.2.2 History

In 1856, the Town of New Hope was formally established, making it one of the oldest towns in Portage County. New Hope has remained rural. The town's first settlers were almost all Norwegian immigrants; as of 1860, 99 of the 105 households established were farmsteads.

Several small settlements within the Town of New Hope developed, but never evolved into villages. The community of New Hope (also known as Benson Corners, located east of Nelsonville along Hwy 161) included a store and a post office that operated from 1861 to 1904. Garfield Store (along Hwy A) is all that remains of the settlement of Garfield; its post office served that community from 1884 to 1907. Peru (at the intersection of Hwy T and Z) was the site of a post office from 1882 to 1907, with a creamery that converted to a cheese factory (now closed).

https://www.pchswi.org/post/the-small-communities-of-portage-county https://www.wisconsinhistory.org/Records/Article/CS16156

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Public Services:

The Town of New Hope provides recycling services and garbage pickup for its residences, covered by a special charge assessed to each property (year-round and seasonal) on property taxes.

The Central Wisconsin Environmental Station (CWES), originally a Boy Scout camp, is a 200-acre teaching and learning center operated by the University of Wisconsin-Stevens Point on the south shore of Sunset Lake. It hosts the Tomorrow River Community Charter School, a preK-8 Waldorf-inspired public school, and is utilized by Portage County public schools for field trips.

Iola-Scandinavia, Amherst (including CWES), and Rosholt school districts serve the Town of New Hope for grades K-12. Mid-State Technical College, Fox Valley Technical College, and North Central Technical College are supported by Town of New Hope as part of our school system for post-high school education.

Development Trends: The Town of New Hope is in the process of analyzing all of the lands within the Town of New Hope corporate boundary, and include the short and long-range recommendations for residential, commercial and industrial development, as well as the protection of important farmlands and other natural resources as determined by the residents of the Town of New Hope.

Hazard Considerations Specific to the Town of New Hope:

Hazards that represent a county-wide risk are addressed in the Risk Assessment section of the 2019 Portage County Multi-Jurisdictional Hazard Mitigation Plan Update. This section only addresses the hazards and their associated impacts that are relevant and unique to the municipality.

Tornado: New Hope-area historical tornado activity is near Wisconsin state average. It is 22% greater than the overall U.S. average. On 9/26/1951, a category F4 (max. wind speeds 207-260 mph) tornado 15.1 miles away from the New Hope town center killed six people and injured three people and caused between \$50,000 and \$500,000 in damages. On 4/27/1984, a category F3 (max. wind speeds 158-206 mph) tornado 17.5 miles away from the town center caused between \$500,000 and \$5,000,000 in damages.

Flood Risk: Map 5.5 shows the locations of the 100-year floodplain within the Town of New Hope. Natural disasters: The number of natural disasters in Portage County (9) is smaller than the US average (13).

Major Disasters (Presidential) Declared: 7 Emergencies Declared: 2 Causes of natural disasters: Floods: 7, Storms: 6, Tornadoes: 2, Drought: 1, Hurricane: 1 (Note: some incidents may be assigned to more than one category)

Maps:

Maps utilized in this evaluation include the following maps from the Town of New Hope Comprehensive Plan Document:

Map 4.1: Town of New Hope Facilities Map 5.4: Surface Water, Watersheds & Wetlands Map Map 5.5: Floodplains Map Map 5.6: Groundwater Flow Map Map 8.1: Existing Land Use Map Map 8.2: Future Land Use Map

Sources:

Town of New Hope Comprehensive Plan (PDF) Sep 28, 2023 https://www.co.portage.wi.gov/DocumentCenter/View/2487/Town-of-New-Hope-Comprehensive-Plan-PDF?bidId= Town of New Hope website: https://tn.newhope.wi.gov CityData.com https://www.city-data.com/city/New-Hope-Wisconsin.html

https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/LocalGovtsGrants/Population Estimates.aspx

13.2.3 Governing Body Format

The Town of New Hope is governed by a town board. The board is comprised of a Town Chair, Supervisors, Clerk, Treasurer, and a Town Assessor.

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- 13.3 Current Trends

13.3.1 Population

Current Population: The Town of New Hope population estimate for 2024 is estimated at 720, and represents about 1.0% of the total Portage County population of 71,024. The entire population of New Hope is rural.

The Town of New Hope exhibits a demographic profile characterized by a stable population and a slightly older age structure. Over the past 50 years, the population in New Hope has ranged from a low of 492 (1970) to a high of 736 in 2000 to the current US Census Dept. population estimate of 720 in 2024.

Per the US Census, the 2020 population for New Hope was 711 residents, representing a minimal change from the 2010 census of 718. In 2024, that population has increased to 720 (1.26% increase since 2020, with a median age of 49.8, and 584 residents of voting age.

The median age in New Hope is 49.8, compared to 38.8 nationwide (2021). Those over age 65 make up 26.83% of the town's population, compared to 16.04% nationwide (Neilsberg.com) The US 2020 Census reported 357 males (50.2%) and 354 females (49.8%) living in New Hope, almost identical to the State ratio of 50.1% males and 49.89% females.

When divided into age groups, New Hope's 2020 population included 138 (19.4%) age 0-17, 368 (51.8%) age 18-64, and 205 (28.8%) 65+ years old. The 2020 Census data reported 286 people (40.2%) age 60+.

The current estimated population density (as of 2024) is 20.06 people/miles² (7.8 people/km²), compared to the state density of 105 people/mile² or 39.6 people/km².

There are approximately 310 households in New Hope that include 227 families; the average housing unit density in New Hope is 10.2 homes per square mile (3.9/km²). The average household size is 2.28 people with an average family size of 3.

Of the 367 housing units reported in New Hope, 287 (78.2%) are owner occupied (compared to 65.7% in the US), 23 (6.3%) are rented, with an additional 57 housing units (15.5%) are unoccupied. The median home owner value in 2023 was approximately \$343,182, with a mean value of \$358,362.

The racial makeup of the town is approximately 93.2% White, 0.4% Asian, and 5.6% from two or more races, and 0.7% other; 2.1% within the last two categories self-identified as Hispanic/Latino. A small percentage of the population (1.9%) speaks a language other than English at home. Data source: WI Demographic Services Center.

The educational attainment in New Hope is a good indicator of the population education level which can be used to correlate with other metrics like average and per capita income. Approximately 95% of the adults in New Hope are high school graduates; 61% of the adults completed some college, and 37% hold a bachelor's degree or higher.

The median household income reported in New Hope for 2023 was \$74,976 (92.8% of the State median income) (compared to \$46,538 in 2000), with a per capita income of \$39,607 (61% of the State per capita income). In 2022, the median household income in Wisconsin was \$70,996. Approximately 7.5% of the households in New Hope are classified as high income (\$200,000+ annually). Using the 2024 Federal Poverty Guidelines (\$25,820 for a family of 3), 11.79% of New Hope is at or below the poverty level.

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2023 Estimated Median Household and per Capita incomes compared to the state						
2023, New Hope 2023, Wisconsin Difference of						
Estimated median household income \$73,975 \$79,690 -\$5,715 or 92.8% of State Income						
Estimated per capita Income \$39,607 \$64,976 -\$25,369 or 54.8% of State Income						
https://uspopulation.org/wisconsin/portage-county/new-hope/ (https://wisconsin.hometownlocator.com/)						
https://www.statista.com/statistics/184	902/homeownership	o-rate-in-the-us-sind	<u>e-2003/</u>			

2023 Estimated Median Household and per Capita Incomes compared to the State

2021 Income Comparison of Civilian Employees 16 Years or Older in New Hope

Full Time, Year-Round Workers age 16+	Population number	Median Earnings
Total New Hope Employed Population	306	\$73,975 per household
Males in New Hope	162	\$61,072
Females in New Hope	144	\$51,343 (-16%)

 Statistics for residents who work solely in farming were not available.

 https://uspopulation.org/wisconsin/portage-county/new-hope/
 https://fred.stlouisfed.org/series/WIPCPI

 https://doa.wi.gov/Pages/LocalGovtsGrants/Population
 https://stlouisfed.org/series/WIPCPI

13.3.2 Climate and Weather

The National Environmental Modeling and Analysis Center (NEMAC) predicts potential changes in Portage County's climate due to rising emissions. By 2050, average daily highs could increase by up to 3 degrees Fahrenheit, with lows potentially rising by 3 degrees. While total precipitation might stay relatively stable, its distribution could change, leading to more intense rainfall and snowfall events. Warmer winters could potentially include more freezing rain for precipitation.

New Hope's climate is typically continental, with four seasons of weather, an average of 187 days a year that are sunny or partly sunny, and a frost-free growing season of about 150 days. About 2/3 of the 34" of annual precipitation falling in the growing season. Thunderstorms, hail and ice, tornados, and damaging winds can occur throughout the year, but are common from spring through fall. With those storm events, downed trees, outages for power, phone, and internet, damaged buildings, and flooding of local roads can be devastating. Drought, intense rain storms, lack of snow cover during extreme cold events, and early or late frost have repeatedly damaged or destroyed crop production in a town that is heavily agricultural. New Hope utilizes the Town Board for tree clean up on local roads, but with no heavy equipment, hires out for snow removal and road salting. Heavy snowfalls and spring ice storms are challenging in keeping roads open and safe, and in budgeting for those unpredictable events. Until recently, there has been no designated place serving as an emergency management/shelter area.

Cold winter temperatures can drop to -20°F (or lower) with an average snow fall of 47" (which can fall 6 months of the year), and an average of five snow days per month during the winter. Average temperatures in January (the coldest month) range from 6-24 °F, with a record -55 °F recorded in the State in 1996. Heavy snowfalls, ice storms, icy roads, falling trees, and outages for power, phone and internet service have occurred in all seasons. Summers can be hot and humid, with temperatures reaching the 90s and humidity at 60% during parts of July and August, although the average temperature in July can range from 58-80 °F. 2023 was one of the hottest summers on record in Central Wisconsin.

The climate in New Hope appears to be warming, influenced by El Niño and La Niña. weather patterns. The summer of 2024 was roughly 4°F warmer that the long-term average. Winters recently have been milder, and with less snow fall. Over the past 25 years, snow fall has varied from 28" in 2024 to 92.5" in 2019. Storms tend to be more extreme, and rainfall can exceed 2" in a several hour period. Central Wisconsin experienced a severe drought in 1988 and 2012. According to the Milwaukee Journal, while southern and northern Wisconsin experienced a near-historic drought in late spring, summer, and early fall of 2024, Portage County received more than double the normal May precipitation. Drought in mid-September, following weeks of unseasonably hot dry weather impacted fire danger, crops, and animals.

https://www.bestplaces.net/climate/city/wisconsin/new%20hope https://www.currentresults.com/Weather/Wisconsin/annual-days-of-sunshine.php

13.3.3 Development

Table 13-2 summarizes development trends in the performance period since the preparation of the previous hazard mitigation plan, as well as expected future development trends.

Table 13-2. Recei	nt and Expected Future Develop	ment ⁻	Frends			
Criterion	Response					
Has your jurisdiction annexed any land since the preparation of the previous hazard mitigation plan? If yes, give the estimated area annexed and estimated number of parcels or structures.	No					
Is your jurisdiction expected to annex any areas during the performance period of this plan? If yes, describe land areas and dominant uses. If yes, who currently has permitting	Νο					
authority over these areas?						
Are any areas targeted for development or major redevelopment in the next five years? If yes, briefly describe, including whether any of the areas are in known hazard risk areas	No					
		2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
	Single Family	4	4	0	3	2
How many permits for new construction were issued in your jurisdiction since the	Accessory Dwelling Unit	0	0	0	0	0
preparation of the previous hazard	Multi-Family	0	0	0	0	0
mitigation plan?	Other (commercial, mixed use, etc.)	0	0	0	0	0
	Total	4	4	0	3	2
Provide the number of new construction permits for each hazard area or provide a qualitative description of where development has occurred.	0					
Describe the level of buildout in the jurisdiction, based on your jurisdiction's buildable lands inventory. If no such inventory exists, provide a qualitative description.	Rezoning on a few properties h changing from Ag to Residentia restriction.				-	-

- 13.4 Capability Assessment

This section describes an assessment of existing capabilities for implementing hazard mitigation strategies. The base plan of the hazard mitigation plan describes the components included in the capability assessment and their significance for hazard mitigation planning. This section summarizes the following findings of the assessment:

- An assessment of planning and regulatory capabilities is presented in Table 13-3.
- Development and permitting capabilities are presented in Table 13-4.
- An assessment of fiscal capabilities is presented in Table 13-5.
- An assessment of administrative and technical capabilities is presented in Table 13-6.
- An assessment of education and outreach capabilities is presented in Table 13-7.
- Information on National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) compliance is presented in Table 13-8.
- Classifications under various community mitigation programs are presented in Table 13-9.
- The community's adaptive capacity for the impacts of climate change is presented in Table 13-10. Findings of the capability assessment were reviewed to identify opportunities to expand, initiate or integrate

capabilities to further hazard mitigation goals and objectives.

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		Other Jurisdiction		Integration
	Local Authority	Authority	State Mandated	Opportunity?
Codes, Ordinances, & Requiremen	ts			
Building Code	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope Co	mprehensive Plan, Po	ortage County Plann	ing and Zoning	
Zoning Code	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope Co	mprehensive Plan, Po	ortage County Plann	ing and Zoning	
Subdivisions	No	No	Yes	No
Comment:				
Stormwater Management	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown
Comment: New Hope participate		•		
Portage County. Also see Town of		_		=
Post-Disaster Management	No	Yes	No	Unknown
Comment: New Hope is concurred posted on the town website upon a				
Real Estate Disclosure	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope, P	ortage County Planni	ing and Zoning		
Growth Management	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope Co	mprehensive Plan, P	ortage County Plann	ing and Zoning	
Site Plan Review	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope Co	mprehensive Plan, P	ortage County Plann	ing and Zoning	
Environmental Protection	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Comment: Town of New Hope Co				
Flood Damage Prevention	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope Co Inventory, Portage County Bridge I	•	ortage County Plann	ing and Zoning, New	/ Hope Culvert
Emergency Management	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Comment: Town of New Hope En website upon completion and review		-		
Management.		1		
Climate Change	No	Yes	No	Yes
-		a a a microsof incontana a a	t ordinances and res	olutions as
Comment: Town of New Hope will needed.	ll investigate this cate	egory and implemen	t orainances and res	

		Other Jurisdiction		Integration
	Local Authority	Authority	State Mandated	Opportunity?
Planning Documents				
Comprehensive Plan	Yes	Yes	Yes	Unknown
Is the plan compliant with the Co	mprehensive Planr	ning Law (s. 66.1001)	?	
Comment: Yes, see Town of New	Hope Comprehensi	ve Plan (<u>https://www</u>	.co.portage.wi.gov,	/683/Town-
<u>Comprehensive-Plans</u> and <u>tn.newl</u>	<u>hope.wi.gov</u> websit	e, <u>https://tn.newhope</u>	<u>e.wi.gov/town-</u>	
resolutions/comprehensive-plan/	-			
https://www.co.portage.wi.gov/7	02/County-Compre	<u>ehensive-Plan</u>		
Capital Improvement Plan	Yes	Yes	No	Unknown
How often is the plan updated?				
Comment: Building fund, implem			-	to serve as town
hall in five years (per Special Elect	ors vote). Will be l	upaatea each year in i	Buaget.	
Disaster Debris Management				
Plan	Yes	No	No	Unknown
Comment: Town of New Hope En	nergency Plan			
	lergency rian			
Floodplain or Watershed Plan	No	No	No	No
Comment: According to WI DNR	mans there is no fl	oodnlain area within :	the Town of New Hi	ne
Town of New Hope Comprehensiv				spe.
Town of New Hope comprehensiv	e riun, ronuye col	inty comprehensive r	iun.	
Stormwater Plan	No	Yes	No	Unknown
	-	Yes	No	Unknown
Stormwater Plan Comment: Town of New Hope Co Portage County Planning and Zon	mprehensive Plan		-	Unknown
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Comment: Town of New Hope Co Portage County Planning and Zon Urban Water Management Plan Comment: Not applicable – all of Habitat Conservation Plan Comment: Wisconsin DNR, Wisco Conservation Plan (www.cooperat Economic Development Plan Comment: No businesses located Shoreline Management Plan Comment: Sunset Lake Associatio Resource Management Plan (datc (ww3.uwsp.edu/cnr-ap/watershea Community Wildfire Protection Plan	mprehensive Plan ing (Stormwater an No New Hope is rural. No onsin Bird Conservat tiveconservation.or No in New Hope other Yes on (https://sunsetlo p.wi.gov), UWSP Co d/Documents/Lake	d Construction Site En Not applicable Yes tion (<u>www.wisconsink</u> g) No than farming Yes akeportageco.com/), H enter for Watershed S MgmtPlanDevelopFin Yes	No No No No No Portage County Land Cience and Educatio al.pdf), WI DNR	Not applicable Yes We Butterfly Not applicable Yes d and Water on Yes

Climate Action Plan	No	Yes	No	Yes
Comment: Climate Change Task I Energy (OSCE) (osce.wi.gov), UWS		• /		ity and Clean
Emergency Management Plan	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Comment : In progress, will be pos Portage Co. Emergency Managem			•	• •
Threat & Hazard Identification & Risk Assessment (THIRA)	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Comment: Town of New Hope Ho Portage County Hazard Mitigatio	n Plan (<u>https://www</u>	w.co.portage.wi.gov		ty-Hazard-
Mitigation-Plan), FEMA Threat an (https://www.fema.gov/sites/defo Wisconsin Emergency Manageme	nult/files/2020-04/Cl	PG201Final2018052	5.pdf	ndix_A_THIRA.p
Post-Disaster Recovery Plan	Yes	No	No	Yes
Comment: Town of New Hope Em	ergency Plan			
Continuity of Operations Plan	No	No	No	No
Comment: Town of New Hope Co Comprehensive-Plans)	mprehensive Plan (<u> </u>	https://www.co.port	age.wi.gov/683/Tow	<u>/n-</u>
Public Health Plan	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Comment: Public Health Planning <u>planning-preparedness</u>), Healthy Portage-County), Town of New He <u>Comprehensive-Plans</u>), Portage Co	People Portage Cour ope Comprehensive F ounty Comprehensive	nty (https://www.co. Plan (<u>https://www.c</u>	portage.wi.gov/243, o.portage.wi.gov/68	/Healthy-People <u>3/Town-</u>
<u>Comprehensive-Plan),</u> American R				

Table 13-4. Development and	Permitting Capability	
Tuble 10 4. Development and	r criticung cupusinty	

Criterion	Response
Does your jurisdiction issue development permits?	No
If no, who does? If yes, which department?	Portage County Planning and Zoning
Does your jurisdiction have the ability to track permits by	Νο
hazard area?	
Does your jurisdiction have a buildable lands inventory?	No

Table 13-5. Fiscal Capability

	·····•
Financial Resource	Accessible or Eligible to Use?
Community Development Block Grants	No
Capital Improvements Project Funding	Yes
Authority to Levy Taxes for Specific Purposes	Yes
User Fees for Water, Sewer, Gas or Electric Service	No
Incur Debt through General Obligation Bonds	Yes
Incur Debt through Special Tax Bonds	No

Incur Debt through Private Activity Bonds	No
Withhold Public Expenditures in Hazard-Prone Areas	No
State-Sponsored Grant Programs	Yes
Development Impact Fees for Homebuyers or Developers	No
Other	No

Table 13-6. Administrative and Technical Capability				
Staff/Personnel Resource Available? Department/Agency/Position				
Planners or engineers with knowledge of land development and land management practices	Yes	Portage County Planning and Zoning		
Engineers or professionals trained in building or infrastructure construction practices	Yes	Portage County Planning and Zoning		
Planners or engineers with an understanding of natural hazards	Yes	Portage County Planning and Zoning		
Staff with training in benefit/cost analysis	No			
Surveyors	Yes	Portage County Planning and Zoning		
Personnel skilled or trained in GIS applications	Yes	Portage County Planning and Zoning		
Scientist familiar with natural hazards in local area	Yes	UWSP staff and emeritus professors, local geologists, DNR		
Emergency manager	Yes	Town Chair, Portage County Emergency Management		
Grant writers	Yes	Town Board, Portage County		
Other	No			

Table 13-7. Education and Outreach Capability				
Criterion	Response			
Do you have a public information officer or communications office? All communication with residents is posted by the town clerk.	No			
Do you have personnel skilled or trained in website development?	Yes (hired)			
Do you have hazard mitigation information available on your website? In progress. The New Hope Mitigation Plan will be posted on the town website once completed, reviewed, and approved. Do you use social media for hazard mitigation education and outreach?	Yes This report will be uploaded to the Town and County website No			
Do you have any citizen boards or commissions that address issues related to hazard mitigation? GCAC for ground water	Yes			
Do you have any other programs already in place that could be used to communicate hazard-related information? <i>Town website (tn.newhope.wi.gov), Community message boards at</i> <i>Sunset Lake and North New Hope Church</i>	Yes			
Do you have any established warning systems for hazard events? Potentially, Sheriff's communication alerts, Neighborhood watch	No			

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Table 13-8. National Flood Insurance Program Compliance				
Criterion	Response			
What is your participation status in the National Flood Insurance Program?	Not Participating			
What local department is responsible for floodplain management?	None			
Who is your floodplain administrator? (department/position)	None			
Are any certified floodplain managers on staff in your jurisdiction?	No			
What is the date that your flood damage prevention ordinance was last amended?	None			
Does your floodplain management program meet or exceed minimum requirements set by NFIP? The DNR's model floodplain ordinance meets NFIP's minimum standards.	No floodplain management program in place			
When was the most recent Community Assistance Visit or Community Assistance Contact?	No			
Does your jurisdiction have any outstanding NFIP compliance violations that need to be addressed?	No			
What date was your latest Flood Insurance Rate Map adopted?	No			
Are any RiskMAP projects currently underway in your jurisdiction?	No			
Do your flood hazard maps adequately address the flood risk within your jurisdiction? Per FEMA, not in floodplain	No			
Does your floodplain management staff need any assistance or training to support its floodplain management program? If so, what type of assistance/training is needed? It would be helpful to have a certified floodplain manager on staff,	Νο			
Does your jurisdiction participate in the Community Rating System (CRS)? If yes, is your jurisdiction interested in improving its CRS Classification? If no, is your jurisdiction interested in joining the CRS program?	No			
How many flood insurance policies are in force in your jurisdiction? What is the insurance in force? What is the premium in force?	0 None 0			
How many total loss claims have been filed in your jurisdiction? ^a What were the total payments for losses?	0 0			
Please describe the implementation and enforcement of floodplain management regulations to regulate and permit development in Special Flood Hazard Areas.	None			
Please describe the floodplain management programs and activities that contribute to continued compliance with NFIP. Per FEMA, none of New Hope contains floodplains.	None			

a. According to FEMA statistics as of 2024

Table 13-9. Community Classifications					
Participating? Classification Date Classif					
FIPS Code	Yes	55-56850	N/A		
DUNS #	Yes	8553151462	N/A		
Community Rating System	No	N/A	N/A		
Building Code Effectiveness Grading Schedule	No	N/A	N/A		
Public Protection	No	N/A	N/A		
Storm Ready	No	N/A	N/A		
Firewise	No	N/A	N/A		

Table 13-10. Adaptive Capacity for Climate Change	
Criterion	Jurisdiction Rating
Technical Capacity	
Jurisdiction-level understanding of potential climate change impacts. Comment: Supervisor is trained geologist, works with University (UWSP) and local specialists	High
Jurisdiction-level monitoring of climate change impacts Comment: None	Low
Technical resources to assess proposed strategies for feasibility and externalities. Comment: None	Low
Jurisdiction-level capacity for development of greenhouse gas emissions inventory Comment: None	Low
Capital planning and land use decisions informed by potential climate impacts. Comment: None	Low
Participation in regional groups addressing climate risks. Comment: Not currently involved with any regional groups other than WI Towns Association	Low
Implementation Capability	
Clear authority/mandate to consider climate change impacts during public decision-making processes. Comment: Reliant on local, county and state expertise	High
Identified strategies for greenhouse gas mitigation efforts. Comment: None	Low
Identified strategies for adaptation to impacts. Comment: None	Low
Champions for climate action in local government departments Comment: Board members are involved at local level	High
Political support for implementing climate change adaptation strategies. Comment: Reliant on local, county and state expertise	High
Financial resources devoted to climate change adaptation. Comment: None, but Board develops and controls the town budget; possible State and County	Low
Local authority over sectors likely to be negative impacted. Comment: Board members are involved at local level	High
Public Capability	
Local residents knowledge of and understanding of climate risk. Comment: Many residents are very informed, keep abreast of information available, and are concerned about climate change.	Medium
Local residents support of adaptation efforts Comment: Most residents are very supportive of proactive plans regarding climate change	Medium
Local residents' capacity to adapt to climate impacts. Comment: Because of the rural nature of our Town, most residents are pro-active and are supportive of any innovations and plans brought by the Town Board	Medium
Local economy's current capacity to adapt to climate impacts. Comment: Because of the rural nature of our Town, and because Agriculture is the only 'business' in New Hope, funding is limited. Agriculture will be most impacted, which will affect the economy.	Medium
Local ecosystems' capacity to adapt to climate impacts. Comment: Water/drought/storm damage/high snowfall can cause a major impact on the local ecosystems, especially the groundwater level, which in turn impacts the lake levels and ditches.	Medium

a. High = Capacity exists and is in use; Medium = Capacity may exist but is not used or could use some improvement; Low = Capacity does not exist or could use substantial improvement; Unsure= Not enough information is known to assign a rating.

- 13.5 Integration Review

For hazard mitigation planning, "integration" means that hazard mitigation information is used in other relevant planning mechanisms, such as general planning and capital facilities planning, and that relevant information from those sources is used in hazard mitigation. This section identifies where such integration is already in place, and where there are opportunities for further integration in the future. The resources listed at the end of this annex were used to provide information on integration.

13.5.1 Existing Integration

Some level of integration has already been established between local hazard mitigation planning and the following other local plans and programs:

The Town Board has successfully begun establishing a community shelter at North New Hope Church, with plans to purchase and install a generator. The Church is planning on upgrading the internet and cell service. New kiosks have been installed to improve communication with the residents. The 2025 budget includes contingencies for storm damage and excessive snowfall.

13.5.2 Opportunities for Future Integration

The capability assessment presented in this annex identified the following plans and programs that do not currently integrate hazard mitigation information but provide opportunities to do so in the future: Improved communication with residents is needed.

- 13.6 Risk Assessment

13.6.1 Jurisdiction-Specific Hazard Event History

Table 13-11 lists past occurrences of hazards for which specific damage was recorded in The Town of New Hope. Other hazard events that broadly affected the entire planning area, including Portage County, are listed in the risk assessments in the base plan of this hazard mitigation plan.

Table 13-11. Past Hazard Events				
Type of Event	FEMA Disaster #	Date	Assessed Damage (monetary, fatalities, injuries, structures destroyed or damaged)	
High groundwater level due to excessive rainfall or snowmelt		2022-23	Riparian zone damaged on east side Sunset Lake (trees and vegetation loss from high water level) County beach damaged; saturated fields and ditches with minor flooding on roads	
Excessive snowfall		2023	Need for additional plowing and salting to keep town roads passable exhausted and exceeded the budget	
Straight-line winds and intense summer storms		Each summer for past 10 years	Trees were downed, many across town roads; removal was prolonged and expensive.	
Intense summer storms		2024, 2022, 2021, 2019	Local flooding, downed trees, 2019 power outage for most residents lasting from hours to more than a week, disrupted phone and internet service (which impacts emergency requests – fire, EMS)	

13.6.2 Hazard Risk and Vulnerability Summary

Table 13-12 presents a summary of all hazards of concern for this jurisdiction including their location, extent, and probability.

probability.	Table 5-12. Hazard Risk Ranking				
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary		
Severe Weather – including	Hazard Description: Tornadoes,	Exposed Assets:	Description of Impact:		
tornadoes, high winds, hail,	High and Straight-Line Winds:	Town Roads: Keeping town	Excess snow and downed		
and lightning	Although infrequent, tornadoes do	roads clear and safe is	trees can be a major		
	develop here; that number may	imperative for the safety of	catastrophe. Inability to		
Extent: Townwide	increase with climate change.	any travelers, but is also	keep roads clear of trees		
	With wind speeds of up to 300	impacted by a limited town	and debris (which is		
Probability: Highly likely for	mph, diameters from 10 yards to	budget.	common) and heavy		
at least one major weather	more than 1 mile across, and	Buildings: North New Hope	snowfall (also common)		
event to occur annually	duration on the ground from	Church: (which serves as the	has a severe impact on the		
	seconds to several hours. They	town hall) is brick, but has no	safety of any travelers and		
	can travel a few miles along the	backup generator, which	emergency vehicles, and		
	ground to a record-breaking 219	would impact serving as an	can cause major structural		
	miles (1926, in Missouri).	emergency center and shelter	damage (especially risk of		
	Topography and local conditions	(heat, storms, extreme cold	roof collapse), along with a		
	make tornadoes highly variable.	weather), including availability	significant risk to vehicles		
	High Winds and Straight-Line	of water.	and buildings due to		
	Winds are more common, can	New Hope has a high number	damage from downed		
	reach speeds in excess of 100 mph	of residents age 65 and older,	trees.		
	with no rotation, usually	some of whom live alone.	Downed powerlines		
	accompany a severe	Keeping roads open for	(especially in extreme heat		
	thunderstorm, and can travel 500-	emergency vehicles is critical,	or extreme cold weather)		
	600 miles.	but in the event of a large-	can cause major health and		
		scale power outage, everyone	safety risks (especially with		
	Hazard Description: Lightning	is impacted.	older residents). Downed		
	Common, especially in summer, but	Roadsides and Utility Lines:	phone lines and internet		
	can happen during any month.	Heavily wooded areas along	can pose life-threatening		
	Straight-line winds: becoming	most of our town roads are	risks, especially if		
	more common, especially in	especially vulnerable in	emergency assistance is		
	summer, and as storms intensify.	straight-line winds and (less	required. Risk to damaged		
		frequently) tornadoes. Regular	water pipes can have majo		
	Excess rainfall: Sporadic but	brushing along roadsides is a	financial and health		
	rainfalls of 2-5 inches have been	proactive approach, but does	impacts to municipal and		
	recorded lately.	little for large trees beyond the			
	Evenes enourfalls Constantion and	right of way, or for downed	rain, which occurs almost		
	Excess snowfall: Sporadic and	branches on the roads. During	every spring, often results		
	unpredictable, varying from year	drought conditions, fire danger	in downed powerlines and		
	to year, with either little snow	can be a problem (particularly	disrupted phone service,		
	(which can damage crops because	from lightning), and because	impacting emergency		
	of little ground cover) to an	we are served by a fire	vehicles, travel, delivery of		
	overabundance of snow, causing	department that is 20+ miles	the mail, the ability to heat		
	problems with keeping roads safe,	away, downed brush and trees	homes (especially for the		
	structural damage to residential	is hazardous.	elderly and very young),		
	and agricultural buildings.	Ditches: changes in ground	pump water (all homes in		
		water level, intense and/or	New Hope are on private		
	Ice/freezing rain: Occurs regularly	abundant rainfall, abundant	wells, run by pumps) and		
	in spring (usually March),	snow fall (especially if rapid	flush toilets.		
	accompanied by loss of power,	melting follows) can have a	Cost of losing herd animals		

treacherous road conditions. and risk of structural damage to residential and agricultural buildings.

Impact:

The immediate impact could include injury or death; property destruction or damage; loss of crops, herds, or forests and ecosystems; road closures; damaged/destroyed buildings; jeopardized travel, including emergency vehicles (EMT, Ambulance, Fire truck); economic disruption.

Long term impact could include prolonged health care, clean-up, repair/rebuilding, reconstruction where possible. Road and shoulder damage from excess rain and snow (or the spin—off effect of snow plowing) impacts town road maintenance. Freezing rain and ice is especially dangerous on narrow rural roads; we are reliant on hired snow plows Age Trail would make for snow removal and salting, often waiting until other roads are cleared.

Removal of any downed trees on town roads is done by the town board members. Downed powerlines can make that especially hazardous. Our older residents are reliant on neighbors to remove snow. Phone service in New Hope is not as reliable as in other areas, especially if cell towers or lines break in storm events. Vulnerability: All town roads, residences and Church (which will serve as storm shelter.)

serious negative impact on local roads flooding. Herd animals (especially cows and horses) are vulnerable to lightning strikes, with the possibility of losing an entire herd from one strike.

Vulnerability: Structures on

flat open terrain are most vulnerable; any person, animal or possession in the path of the storm is susceptible to death, injury, or damage. People, animals, vehicles in buildings (especially if in basements or enforced structures) may be less at risk, but only if the structure holds up. Wooden buildings, shingled roofs, signs are more at risk.

Park and Natural Areas are heavily treed; destruction level could be quite extensive. Terrain in Natural Area and Ice

can be extremely costly, not only in replacing the animals (which could be thousands of dollars per animal) but also in lost revenue, especially if it is a dairy.

Hail damage to crops, vehicles, and buildings is a real danger each summer.

Indirect Impacts: Loss of income, cost of rebuilding or repair, choice of moving or rebuilding (loss of residents), strain on FEMA, State and County Aid, delays in payments, permanent/long term change in landscape.

Severity:

Tornados: sporadic but Moderate to catastrophic.

High Winds and Straight-Line Winds: more common, damage similar to tornado. Moderate to catastrophic.

Hail: Common, usually in summer, but can occur throughout the calendar year. Damage is dependent on size of hail, and duration of storm. Moderate to major.

Ice Storms: Common in early spring (March). Moderate to major.

Lightning: Common spring and summer, but can occur anytime. Minor, but can be major in small areas.

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Flooding – including Dam	Hazard Description: Flooding	Exposed Assets: Several	Description of Impact: Our
Failure	With increased severity of	bridges (especially Hwy 161	town roads are rural:
	rainstorms and rapid melting of	over the Tomorrow River), and	narrow, curvy, and built-in
Extent: Roadside ditches,	snow, the risk of flooding is	culverts that divert water	hilly areas, often with deep
lake shores, stream banks,	significant.	under roadways. All town	ditches and steep inclines.
low areas	New Hope has no dams, but there	residents and travelers would	The prohibitive cost of road
	are several small aging bridges and	be at risk.	construction and repair
Probability: Likely for at least		The Hwy 161 bridge shows	due to flood damage could
one event to occur annually	erosion along the edges because	signs of aging (see 2024	be devastating, especially
	of flooding would problematic,	Inspection Report P-49-909	for the residents who
	especially the bridge on Hwy 161,	from WisDOT). The 2024	depend on the safety and
	which would block all east-west	Culvert Report showed some	accessibility of those roads.
	traffic in the south half of the	damage to two culvers due to	Access by emergency
	town. Limited roads in New Hope	age (Clementson and River	vehicles is of primary
	run east-west (Hwy 161, Cty. Rd Z,	Rds).	concern, but it would also
	Cty Rd OO) and north-south (Cty	All local roads are at risk if	impact any travelers, as
	Rds ZZ and T, and restrict travel for	increased severity and volume	-
	everyone to one of those major		utility work, and local
	arteries, especially important with emergency vehicles. Damage to or	of recent rains, and the	business (including Ag). Damage to property
	closure of any of those roads due	continue or worsen, there is a	(residences) and roads
	to flooding would severely impact	real concern about the	could be minor to
	the community, including a	structural integrity of our town	
	significant number of commuters	roads, exacerbated by trees	the extent of the flooding,
	who regularly use Hwy 161 to	falling onto roads (instability	but it would also put
	travel east or west.	due to saturated ground) that	significant strain on a small
	Heavy farm equipment is regularly	line most of the local roads and	-
	used on all New Hope roads	can block entire roads if	necessary repairs.
	including Hwy 161; limiting that	downed.	recessary repairs.
	usage would negatively impact		
	farming.		
	Of more concern is flooding of		Severity: mild to extreme
	roads, which would cause		
	structural damage to the road		
	and/or shoulders. The amount of		
	precipitation (especially rain or		
	rapid snow melt) and variability in		
	groundwater have a major impact		
	of flooding.		
	J. J		

Town of New Hope Emergency Mitigation Plan page 20/42

Hazard Wildfire

Extent: Variable from very localized to extensive

Probability: High fuel load, increased summer temperatures and drought occurrences, increased recreational use increase the likelihood

Vulnerability Summary

Hazard Description: Because of increased risk of seasonal drought due to climate change, the amount of forested and farmland, and the significant amount of fuel load due to the large number of trees and branches brought down by storms in the past 10 years, the risk of wildfire has increased, especially considering the number of lightning storms that occur in spring and summer.

Risk Summary

Impact: The Iola fire department (which services New Hope) is at least 20 minutes away from most residences in the town. A wildfire. especially if coupled with high winds, could get out of hand quickly, and could damage residences and utility lines in its path before the fire department could get it under control. Loss of homes, farms (including herds and equipment), utility lines (including the consequence of losing power for heat, cooling, water, and food, or phone service for emergency vehicles) could be extreme. The financial effect of loss of timber could be staggering, the impact on the environment could be staggering (including the impact on hunting).

Most of New Hope is heavily wooded, and depending on the time of year, large fields containing dried crops ready for harvest could result in large areas impacted before a fire could be contained. **Exposed Assets**: Most residences (most of which are frame structures), barns, sheds, and outbuildings, mature woods (timber), utility lines (many of which are not buried).

Residents, domestic herds, and wildlife (migratory and nonmigratory) are all at risk, as well as habitat destruction (including at least two natural areas and the headwaters for trout streams and rivers) in or just on the edge of New Hope. While wildfires are rare in New Hope, with recent storm damage and the abundant fuel load that has accumulated in the forested areas in New Hope, coupled with seasonal droughts and intense lightning storms, the risk is increasing.

Park and Natural Areas are heavily treed; destruction level could be quite extensive. Terrain in Natural Area and Ice Age Trail would make firefighting and restoration difficult.

The potential loss of homes and farms, herds and wildlife, public recreational areas, wildlife habitat, forest land, and potentially lives are serious and possible outcomes of a wildfire. Long term, the loss of forested land could impact property values (because of the change in property aesthetics), hunting and fishing, and farming due to erosion. Although the threat of

Impact Summary

Description of Impact:

wildfire is currently remote, with climate change and the accompanying change in precipitation, drought, high temperatures, strong storms, and more people using public and private lands for recreation increases that risk.

Severity: currently unlikely but mild to extreme, dependent on weather, location, conditions, and emergency response.

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Hazard	
Drought	

Extent: Variable from localized to extensive

Probability: Increased summer temperatures and drought occurrences, with wide variability in where and how much rain falls increase the likelihood.

Minor drought is often an annual occurrence in New Hope.

Hazard Description: New Hope has experienced an increased number of drought events. As with torrential rainfall recently, while sporadic and spotty in nature, the areas affected can be devastated, with lasting side effects like loss of habitat and trees, increased runoff and erosion recovery questionable, until soils become remoisturized, the risk of wells going dry, lakes and stream levels dropping to detrimental levels for dependent flora and fauna.

Risk Summary

Impact: Because New Hope relies heavily on agriculture, the financial effect can be extreme, with recovery questionable, sometimes driving families out of farming and leveling them financially. New Hope soils are very porous. Available moisture percolates through the soil quickly. A drop in groundwater levels, which feeds all the local lakes and streams, can have a major impact on tourism, wildlife, and home values, as well as the lake's ability to recover ecologically. All residents of New Hope rely on private wells, fed by groundwater.

Vulnerability Summary Exposed Assets: All residents are susceptible to the negative

impact of drought, from the risk of your well drying up to losing crops and possibly that year's income. The natural areas and fisheries in the area are often hard-hit, with especially coupled with largescale crop irrigation that can further lower the groundwater level. Describe the specific assets, infrastructure, or people at risk from the hazard. Climate change will only increase negative impacts in the future.

Impact Summary

Description of Impact: Disruption of economy, especially for farmers: People may be forced to move or convert a family farm to residential due to financial loss of an entire year's crops. Crop insurance may cover some of the damage, but not all of it.

Tourism and recreation (fishing, hunting, swimming and boating) are hard-hit when the lake and stream levels drop.

The risk of fire increases with the dryness, and because there is already a large fuel load on the ground, fire seems more likely in the future. Long term:

A drop in crop production (including milk and dairy when herds are sold because of a lack of grazing land or feed) will cause groceries to increase. Some residents grow fruit and vegetables to sell roadside or at the Farmer's Market, but because of supply and demand, fresh fruit and vegetables may be limited, which long term will impact diet and ultimately health.

Severity: mild to extreme, dependent on the duration and timing, but often longlasting effects and a long recovery period follow.

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Extreme Cold Temperatures	Hazard Description: Wisconsin is	Exposed Assets: All residents	Description of Impact: All
	notorious for extreme	are vulnerable to cold weather	residents are at risk. Death
	temperatures, not only	due to hypothermia, frostbite,	from hypothermia,
	temperature but the timing,	and cold weather-related	especially in small children
	especially of extreme cold	health issues like immunity,	and the elderly. The
	weather, with early and late frosts	cardiac, balance and skin	impact of extensive repairs
Extent: Widespread	always possible.	problems, especially in children and the elderly. All children	following frozen pipes or loss of electricity can be
Probability: Highly variable,	Extreme cold:	traveling to school are at risk,	detrimental. There is a real
but on average, 21 days of	Pipes freeze and burst, vehicles	especially if busses stall or	risk for anyone who must
0°F or lower annually	(including tractors and school	children are exposed to cold	work outside (farmers,
	busses) may not start or may run	wind and air while waiting for	utility repair people,
	poorly.	the bus. People who must	plumbers, electricians,
	Although plans are being	work outdoors (farmers, utility	carpenters), as well as
	developed, New Hope has no	workers, delivery people, etc.)	those who must travel
	warming shelter for people who	are at risk of frostbite or	(road crews, bus drivers,
	have no heat.	hypothermia, sometimes within a few minutes of	emergency crews, law enforcement, medical
	Some residents raise bees, some	exposure. Structurally, frozen	staff).
	have orchards, and some	pipes can result in lack of	starry.
	commercially raise produce, all of	water for personal and	
	which are negatively impacted by	agricultural use, and possible	Severity: Major to extreme
	extreme cold (especially in late	structural damage to water	, ,
	spring or early fall, or when the	lines when pipes burst. Repair	
	snow cover is minimal, risking	can be very costly, not only the	
	damage to native and introduced	pipes but surrounding walls,	
	plants favored by bees and other	floors, ceilings, and basements	
	pollinators.	that may get wet.	
	Maple trees, used by many	Transformers on powerlines	
	residents to make maple syrup in	can sometimes be damaged or	
	spring, are especially susceptible	malfunction during extreme	
	to frost cracks which can stress the	1, 0	
	trees and may result in large	in homes reliant on electric	
	branches breaking or the entire tree dying, impacting manufacture	furnace and stove ignition, and no water (all private pumps,	
	and possible revenue from syrup	run on electricity). Often cold	
	sales.	weather follows a storm event,	
	54.65.	which can make clearing roads	
	The need for heat can put a strain	difficult.	
	on utilities, and trigger an increase		
	in fuel costs.		

Town of New Hope Emergency Mitigation Plan page 23/42

Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Extreme Heat	Hazard Description: Extreme heat		Description of Impact: All
	is becoming more common and	leading cause of death in the	residents are at risk,
	more severe as a result of climate	US (according to MIT). The	especially the very young,
	change, and is defined as summer	elderly, children, people with	the elderly, those with
	temperatures much hotter and/or	chronic illness, and those	compromised immune
Extent: Widespread	more humid than average, defined	working/recreating outside are	systems. Death from
	as above 90°F for at least several	particularly vulnerable and can	hyperthermia, especially in
Probability: Highly variable,	days.	succumb to heat stroke, heat	small children and the
but on average, 19 days of	High humidity, which often	exhaustion, sun stroke, and	elderly is a problem.
90°F or higher annually	accompanies high temperatures in	death.	Children and pets left in a
с ,	Wisconsin, makes it feel even	Milk production decreases,	closed car overheat quickly
	hotter.	growth rates slow down	and can die within a short
	Severe storms can be spawned by	(affecting meat production),	time.
	temperature and pressure	reproduction is negatively	There is a real risk for
	extremes.	impacted, and death can occur.	anyone who must work
		Chickens have a high body	outside (farmers, utility
	Your body works harder to	temperature and no sweat	repair people, carpenters,
	maintain a normal temperature;	glands, making them	field workers) and for those
	excess sweating can lead to	vulnerable to dying in high	working in enclosed areas
	dehydration. It is considered a	temperatures. Reduced egg	with poor circulation and
	global threat, often occurring here	production, growth rate, and	no air conditioning.
	in July and August, but in 2024, we	immune response, making the	Animals (including dairy
	had record-breaking temperatures	birds more susceptible to	herds, chickens, and other
	accompanied by drought in	infection.	farm animals) all exhibit
	September.	Honey production decreases as	
	Humans are particularly vulnerable		Electrical grids are
	to succumbing to heat-related	nectar for honey to keeping	challenged to keep up with
	illness and even death.	the hive cool. That	increased need because of
	Dairy herds, chickens, bee hives,	inadvertently changes the	air conditioning and
	and pets are all stressed by heat.	pollination rate	irrigation lines.
	All play an important role in New	Wildlife is impacted for the	Crops are jeopardized, and
	Hope.	same reasons.	may result in complete or
		Flowering crops may stop	partial crop failure,
	Infrastructure, especially paved	blooming to reduce stress,	followed by financial spin-
	roads, can be affected, with roads	which also impacts honey	offs.
	buckling in extreme heat.	production.	
	The electric grid is taxed as more	Roads can buckle, requiring	
	people use fans and air	expensive repairs. Failure to	
	conditioning, with brown-outs	make those repairs in a timely	Severity: Major to extrem
	becoming more common in New	manner results in further	
	Hope.	degradation that only becomes	
		more expensive. New Hope is	
	The risk of drought and wildfires	limited by the availability of	
	increases with increased	road crews that often book out	
	temperatures.	months in advance, and a very	
	Without sufficient irrigation, crops	limited road budget that is	
	are often lost or damaged; many	delegated to other needed	
	of the fields in New Hope are not	repairs.	
	irrigated.		

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Pest Infestation	Hazard Description: Irregular	Exposed Assets: A number of	Description of Impact:
	weather and extremes in	residents rely on garden crops	Loss of trees would impact
	precipitation, moisture/humidity,	for the next year's food supply.	property value and timber
	and mild temperatures (warmer	An increase in pests can	production, as well as
Extent: Can be widespread	winters, warm summers) trigger	negatively impact productivity	affecting the aesthetics.
	increases in the number of pests	in gardens and field crops. A	Decreased production
Probability: Highly variable,	and exotics here.	number of residents also grow	and/or quality of produce
dependent on temperature,	Monoculture crops (like corn or	fruit and vegetables to be sold	will decrease income for
moisture, growing conditions	soybeans) are more vulnerable to	at roadside stands or at the	some and will impact
	insect infestation, which may	Farmer's market, but	grocery costs if gardens
	necessitate increased use of	decreased production and	fail.
	pesticides or reduced harvest.	deformed or infected produce	Honey production has
	Exotic invasive plants like garlic	won't sell, affecting income.	decreased because of
	mustard (Alliaria petiolata),	Increased pathogens and pests	mites, which impacts food
	spotted knapweed (Centaurea	negatively impact human and	production and income.
	stoebe), giant hogweed	animal health, including both	Health issues from tick
	(Heracleum mantegazzianum),	herd animals and pets.	bites can have short- and
	Japanese knotweed (Reynoutria	There is concern that Oak Wilt	long-term effects on the
	japonica), and wild parsnip	and emerald ash borer will	health of infected
	(Pastubaca satuva) have all	negatively impact the	individuals, especially if
	become more common in ditches,	hardwood forests found here,	untreated.
	fields, and woods edges. All can	which could affect property	Diversity in each ecosyste
	cause health issues in humans, and	values, timber production, and	is reliant on healthy
	outcompete native species, often	habitat.	organisms.
	forming a monoculture.	The number of people who	
	High amounts of precipitation	test positive for Lyme disease	Severity: Mild to moderat
	have increased mosquito	has more than doubled in the	
	populations, which can cause West	last 15 years. The population	
	Nile, La Crosse Encephalitis, and	of blacklegged deer ticks	
	Zika, with infections that range	(<i>Ixodes scapularis</i>) has spread	
	from mild to debilitating or fatal in	and will search for a host any	
	humans and animals.	time the temperature is above	
	Crops can be infected by viruses,	freezing. It is estimated that	
	nematodes, fungi, or bacteria that	15,000 people have contracted	
	can increase and spread more	Lyme disease over the past 20	
	readily with extreme weather	years in Portage County; 40%	
	(especially humidity, moisture, and	of deer (Ixodes) ticks collected	
	high temperatures), all of which	in Portage County are infected	
	can decrease production and/or	with Borrelia burgdorferi, the	
	produce deformed or pest-	bacteria that causes Lyme	
	infested crops that may be	disease.	
	unusable or unpalatable.	The abundant population of	
	Warm temperatures and warm	white-tail deer and white	
	winters are partially to blame for	footed mice, birds, pets, and	
	the spread of emerald ash borers,	people are all carriers of	
	and the prevalence of the fungi	different stages of the ticks.	
	that cause oak leaf wilt, maple	_	
	wilt, fungal collar rot and basal		
	canker complex causing the		
	decline of ash, oak, and maple in		
	our forests.		

Town of New Hope Emergency Mitigation Plan page 25/42

Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary	
Power Outage	Hazard Description: With increased severity of summer storms, heavier snowfalls, power	Exposed Assets: Residents are all at risk, especially during extreme temperature events	Description of Impact: Loss of power will impact heating and cooling, water	
Extent: Can be widespread	outages happen more frequently and may take longer to repair	(heat and cold).supply, and irrigationAll dairy farms rely oncrops, as well as		
Probability: Highly variable, dependent on severe weather, most often occurring in early summer or late winter/early spring	and may take longer to repair because the damage is more extensive. Increased demands on electricity production from agriculture and extreme temperatures stresses the electrical grid, making brown-outs and power outages more likely,	All dairy farms rely on electricity for milking, milk refrigeration, and on having lights on when working early or late. Barn cleaning equipment and irrigation systems are run on electricity.	refrigeration for food storage. Dairy farmers	
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary	
Solar Weather – including solar flares and coronal mass ejections Extent: Widespread Probability: Highly variable, dependent on sun spots and solar flares	Hazard Description: Solar flares can impede communication (cell phones, landlines, computers, radio), alter power grids, and satellite systems that run everything from text messages to national security. Programs as diverse as NOAA (for tracking weather and producing weather reports and warnings) to radio broadcasting with current news and entertainment are impacted.	Exposed Assets: The entire population of New Hope is dependent in large part on radio, TV, and the internet for everything from storm warnings to navigating by GPS while traveling to warnings about health risks, reports, and regulations for everything from the Covid-19 pandemic to the latest flu virus to weather- related outages to warnings cyberattacks to reminders to do things like vote or change the clock for daylight savings time. No local daily or weekly newspaper shifts the need for good internet and reliable cell phone coverage from convenient and entertaining to imperative.	Description of Impact: Because solar weather events can and do have an effect on communications, every resident of New Hope is affected. Severity: Minor to moderate, dependent on solar activity and duration.	

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Electromagnetic Pulse	Hazard Description: An	Exposed Assets: Permanent	Description of Impact:
U	electromagnetic pulse (EMP) can	damage or destruction of the	Regardless of the cause
	occur from nuclear attack or from	electrical grid here would alter	(natural or manmade) an
Extent: Widespread	natural events like solar flares.	every aspect of our lives, from	EMP could change
-	The effect could damage or	pumping gas to pumping	everything we do, how we
Probability: Highly variable	destroy electrical equipment, data,	water, from growing food to	do it, and if we do it, and
	and systems. If it was a nuclear	storing it, to processing it, to	potentially not just for the
	attack, military communications	cleaning up afterward.	foreseeable future.
	and national command authority	Temperature control, lighting,	
	would be knocked out, eliminating	communication, daily	Severity: minor to
	the US Military's ability to respond	operations of any business, ag	catastrophic
	to a nuclear attack. A nationwide	or otherwise, would be altered	
	blackout of the electrical power	if not stopped.	
	grid could follow, and shut down	The possibility of a nuclear	
	all critical infrastructure reliant on	winter would ensure a large	
	that grid, impacting	loss of life due to exposure and	
	communication, transportation,	starvation.	
	food and water supply, and		
	sanitation. Long-term effects		
	could be massive starvation,		
	disease, and general breakdown of		
	society.		
	Solar flares and storms happen		
	regularly. While it is unlikely that		
	we would enter a nuclear war, it is		
	possible. It would impact everyone in New		
	Hope.		
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
	Hazard Description: Depending on		Description of Impact:
· • · • · • · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
of Mass Destruction	what act of terrorism or sabotage	there would be little effect	Economic disruption is an
of Mass Destruction	what act of terrorism or sabotage (unless it is the use of a weapon of	there would be little effect initially, other than panic.	Economic disruption is an obvious effect. Mistrust.
of Mass Destruction	(unless it is the use of a weapon of	initially, other than panic.	obvious effect. Mistrust,
	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate		obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be
	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible,	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur,
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government.	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be
of Mass Destruction Extent: Could be widespread Probability: Highly variable	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available).
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available).
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future.	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not affect us, at least not directly.	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future. If it's the banking system or	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place represents a risk; remote,
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not affect us, at least not directly. If it was a weapon of mass	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future. If it's the banking system or health system, or	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place represents a risk; remote, rural, located in a
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not affect us, at least not directly. If it was a weapon of mass destruction, we would have time	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future. If it's the banking system or health system, or communications systems	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place represents a risk; remote, rural, located in a basement, far from police
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not affect us, at least not directly. If it was a weapon of mass destruction, we would have time to react because of our remote	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future. If it's the banking system or health system, or communications systems everyone would be affected	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place represents a risk; remote, rural, located in a basement, far from police and sheriff's office.
Extent: Could be widespread	(unless it is the use of a weapon of mass destruction), the immediate effect on the residents of New Hope might be barely perceptible, including the disruption of the national or state government. Terrorism is designed to scare and subdue. Long term effects would be difficult – people would be called to protect and defend the US, so it would impact our youth, and their families. Depending on what was sabotaged, it might or might not affect us, at least not directly. If it was a weapon of mass destruction, we would have time	initially, other than panic. Long term, it depends on what the act of terrorism or sabotage is. Attacks on oil refineries, the water supply (affecting large municipalities reliant on city wells and/or reservoirs), the federal or state government, and the like would not have any significant impact immediately, although obviously it would seriously impact all residents in the very near future. If it's the banking system or health system, or communications systems	obvious effect. Mistrust, fear, anxiety would be rampant. Hording, lines at the gas station could occur, disruption of government services, transportation and shipping would be likely, well as an increase in weapon and ammunition purchases (at least if supplies are available). Conduction of Elections: the polling place represents a risk; remote, rural, located in a basement, far from police

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary		
Cyber Incident	Hazard Description: It is estimated that cyber incidents occur every 39 seconds. Businesses, government,	all use computers, phones, etc., and all run on software,	Description of Impact: the impact would be dependent on what and		
Extent: Could be widespread Probability: Highly variable	ty: Highly variable individuals are all susceptible. Individuals a		who was attacked, ranging from a single individual in the community to the entire government. Severity: Dependent on the		
		could be personally devastating, or impact an entire community. The elderly seem to be especially easy targets, but hackers can attack everyone.	extent and target, minor (except for an individual singled out) to major		
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary		
Internet & Communications Failure	Hazard Description: All residents of New Hope rely on phone service, and most depend on the internet for information,	Exposed Assets: This would impact everyone in the town for everything from news to weather reports to financial	Description of Impact: The residents would be very limited to health care access, from routine		
Extent: Could be widespread	entertainment, and conducting business.	reports to school closures to contacting the fire	checkups to urgent care phone calls to emergency		
Probability: Highly variable	Failure of internet or disruption of phone service would impede local government. Most residents who work are in business that rely on the internet. Elections would be impacted as we depend on phone service to relay information and receive direction.	department, EMS, or the hospital. There is no local daily or weekly newspaper, so information is most commonly received via internet or cell phone. Access to the town website must be done through the internet, so communication with residents would be restricted to posted notices at the kiosks. [Susceptibility Factors: Explain why these assets are vulnerable.	responders and ambulance. The safety of the community would be impacted without a way to contact the fire department, EMS, or Sheriff. Many residents shop online; lack of internet would force people to travel for purchases, especially difficult for our residents who do not drive or rely on others for assistance.		

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Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary	
Water Failure (Water/Wastewater)	Hazard Description: All residences and farms in New Hope rely on private wells for water supply, and all rely on maintaining a high purity level in the groundwater that supports those wells. All residences use a private septic system connected either to a drain field or mound. Please see Hazardous Materials for more information.	Exposed Assets: Groundwater impacts all wells in New Hope. Well head protection zones are in place, and groundwater monitoring south of New Hope has been implemented in 2023.	Description of Impact: Failure of any local septic system would contaminate groundwater, making regular maintenance imperative. Water quality is key to health, for humans, wildlife domestic herds, and fisheries. Well contamination from substances in groundwater is of growing concern, especially from high nitrate levels and other contaminants. Groundwater also impacts ecosystems, especially streams, headwaters, and lakes.	
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary	
Infrastructure Failure (bridges, roads, etc.)	Hazard Description: Town Roads: The Town of New Hope maintains 35.98 miles of town roads, with 20 roads having only one combined inlet/outlet. Most of the town roads are paved, maintained on an annual budget of \$95,000 (2024). An additional \$75,000 is set aside annually for snow removal, brushing, and downed tree removal (2024). These roads are utilized by residents, visitors, school buses, postal and other delivery workers, trucks, and agricultural equipment. Road maintenance, brushing, and snow removal are critical services in keeping local roads in good repair and safe for travel. Bikers and pedestrians traveling along the local roads are common, and wildlife (deer, turkeys, bear, and other species) are abundant, making extended visibility along roadside ditches by regular brushing essential. In 2023, there were 16,153 deer-vehicle collisions in Wisconsin, with six fatalities,	and operators of farm equipment on town roads are at risk. Road, bridge, and culvert are critical infrastructures. Harsh winter conditions, use of plows for snow removal, heavy rains, and frost all have a negative impact. In recent years, the increased use of large heavy farm equipment has created new challenges in maintenance and road safety, especially on roads that are curvy and narrow.	Description of Impact: In April, the Board completes an annual road condition assessment (WISLR) to determine which roads to repair within the constraints of the annual budget. Failure to maintain the town roads jeopardizes all who use them, risking injury and death. Severity: Major	

	Many of the roads are shaded, which can create icy and treacherous driving conditions in winter. Timely snow removal, with salt/sand, are essential in maintaining winter road safety. There are several bridges in New Hope spanning the Tomorrow River, the largest on Hwy. 161, and several culverts under town roads. Bridge and culvert inspections are regularly conducted, with repairs completed by the Town. Failure of any of these would disrupt traffic, and in several cases, would isolate homes.		
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Hazardous Materials	Hazard Description: The risk for the Town of New Hope of most concern is groundwater contamination from excess use of nitrogen by residents and farms, spraying of herbicides and pesticides, and application of solid waste from local farms (especially CAFOs) and the City of Appleton onto porous soils found in most fields in New Hope. New Hope relies entirely on private wells for water, including all residences and agriculture. Several trout stream headwaters are located in or just north of New Hope and are very susceptible to pollution, impacting fisheries from New Hope to the Mississippi River. Groundwater from New Hope travels through the Village of Nelsonville, entirely reliant on private wells for its water supply, and on to the Village of Plover which relies on city and private wells. The Tomorrow River flows through Waupaca County, along with any pollutants introduced into the water supply. High nitrate levels are associated with myriad health issues, including heart disease, cancers, miscarriages, and other serious health risks. New Hope nitrate levels can fluctuate from a 'safe'	. .	Description of Impact: Groundwater pollution impacts not only everyone in New Hope but anyone downstream, from Nelsonville to the Wisconsin and Mississippi Rivers to the Gulf of Mexico. Work has begun with the installation of test wells in Nelsonville to monitor what happens upstream, and discussion with the County Ag Officer and local farmers has begun to find a reasonable solution. In the meantime, the health of all residents, their pets, and livestock are at risk, especially the unborn, the very young, the elderly, and anyone who is immuno-compromised.

	level of under 10 to much higher	levels have been set for many	
	levels, dependent on groundwater	of these chemicals.	
	flow and nitrates introduced into		
	the groundwater. Other concerns		
	are levels of hormones,		
	prescription and street drugs, and		
	chemicals used in manufacturing		
	and processing that are mostly		
	unmonitored and unmeasured in		
	the solid wastes from Fox Valley.		
	The amount of sludge spread on		
	New Hope fields and the chemical,		
	hormone, and drug composition of		
	that material is unavailable		
	according to Appleton Waste		
	Treatment Facilities. Routine		
	aerial spraying of chemicals like		
	glyphosate on local fields is not		
	only airborne, but can seep into groundwater; this chemical is		
	_		
	linked to various types of		
	lymphoma. Other herbicides and		
	pesticides are used on local fields,		
	with largely unknown-to-date		
	health effects.		
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19	Exposed Assets: Any	Description of Impact:
	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between	Description of Impact: We have an aging
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope.
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral.	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral. H1N1, Influenza A and B, RSV are	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable disease. The increased	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care providers, especially in rural
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral. H1N1, Influenza A and B, RSV are good examples. Excess use of	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable disease. The increased number of infected ticks in	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care providers, especially in rural areas like New Hope, may
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral. H1N1, Influenza A and B, RSV are good examples. Excess use of antibiotics, combined with	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable disease. The increased number of infected ticks in New Hope, combined with the	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care providers, especially in rural areas like New Hope, may result in less-than optimal
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Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral. H1N1, Influenza A and B, RSV are good examples. Excess use of antibiotics, combined with antibiotics that have made their	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable disease. The increased number of infected ticks in New Hope, combined with the large deer population (a	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care providers, especially in rural areas like New Hope, may result in less-than optimal health care for many of our residents. Acute infections and chronic conditions that
Public Health Emergency	Hazard Description: Covid-19 affected all of us world-wide, and made us aware of emerging infectious diseases, especially viral. H1N1, Influenza A and B, RSV are good examples. Excess use of antibiotics, combined with antibiotics that have made their way into drinking water have decreased effective treatment of common bacterial infections.	Exposed Assets: Any interaction between individuals increases the risk of transmission of communicable disease. The increased number of infected ticks in New Hope, combined with the large deer population (a carrier) and people who hunt, fish, or hike increase the risk for all tick-borne infections,	Description of Impact: We have an aging population in New Hope. A paucity of health care providers, especially in rural areas like New Hope, may result in less-than optimal health care for many of our residents. Acute infections and chronic conditions that result may impact
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	threatens domestic animals, wildlife, captive wildlife, humans.	impacts wildlife, captive wildlife, and humans.	
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Food Related/Agricultural Threats (food contamination, etc.)	Hazard Description: With food sourced from around the world, massive feedlots that supply meat, crops potentially treated with pesticides, fungicides, and herbicides, and global shipping available, the quality and safety of food is questionable unless home grown. Contamination can occur at any stage of food production, delivery, and consumption. Outbreaks of <i>E. coli, Listeria</i> , and <i>Salmonella</i> can affect large groups of people, and product recall is often difficult if not impossible. Increased allergies and food intolerance has also affected human health. The impact on animals likely mirrors humans.	Description: With food d from around the world, e feedlots that supply meat, otentially treated with les, fungicides, and des, and global shipping e, the quality and safety of Contamination can occur stage of food production, λ , and consumption. aks of <i>E. coli, Listeria</i> , and ella can affect large groups ble, and product recall is ifficult if not impossible.Exposed Assets: All residents and domestic animals are at risk. Finances, productivity, and community health are all susceptible, but is subject to how extensive the contamination is and who is affected. With an aging population, an increased reliance on fast food, commercially prepared canned goods and prepared food, and wide-spread global shipping, the potential for illness and death increases accordingly.Descrip Food co human potenti again, i extentExposed Assets: All residents and domestic animals are at risk. Finances, productivity, and community health are all susceptible, but is subject to how extensive the contamination is and who is affected. With an aging population, an increased reliance on fast food, wide-spread global shipping, the potential for illness and death increases accordingly.	
Hazard	Risk Summary	Vulnerability Summary	Impact Summary
Widespread Town Emergency	Hazard Description: The Town of	Exposed Assets:	Description of Impact:
	Church as a functional town hall; the existing Town Hall building at 9785 Town Hall Road no longer meets the needs of the Town. An Emergency Management Center is needed to serve as a central place of operation to assist residents and manage the situation until it is resolved. Electricity, heat, communications (internet and phone service), space to meet with others from the County, State, and local support, and a central location are key components required to function well. New Hope does not have a shelter for residents in case of a community-wide emergency, including power outages, tornado, terrorism, extreme weather (especially for elderly and people with disabilities). Electricity, running water, heat, and communications are all essential elements necessary to function as a shelter.	moderate sized brick building. This space is relatively secure, and has space for the Board to meet, communicate with other resources, manage and direct activities during a crisis, there is enough room to temporarily shelter people, with a kitchen, running water and bathrooms. Currently, there is no common space designated to coordinate a town emergency. The need for a generator and better internet service is important. Currently the space does not have good cell phone reception, internet service, or backup power source.	widely dispersed, making a central shelter area less advantageous than sheltering in place for most natural disasters like storm events or a public health crisis like Covid. However, if residences are damaged or destroyed in high winds, tornado, fire, flooding, or a nuclear disaster, or there are massive power outages during extreme cold or heat, there is no place for those people to go where they will be safe, sheltered, with water and heat available, in a place that is easily accessible via County Road T or MM for emergency medical care or Sheriff's support. Severity : Major to catastrophic.

13.6.3 Jurisdiction-Specific Vulnerabilities

The base plan of this hazard mitigation plan provides complete risk assessments for each identified hazard of concern. This section provides information on a few key vulnerabilities for the jurisdiction. Available jurisdiction-specific risk maps of the hazards are provided at the end of this annex.

The Town of New Hope's Hazard Mitigation Planning Team identified the following jurisdiction-specific vulnerabilities:

Each of these vulnerabilities is described in greater detail below.

Repetitive Loss Properties

Repetitive loss records are as follows:

- Number of Repetitive-Loss Properties: 0
- Number of Severe-Repetitive-Loss Properties: 0
- Number of Repetitive-Loss Properties or Severe-Repetitive-Loss Properties that have been mitigated: [0

Other Noted Vulnerabilities

Unknown

- 13.7 Status of Previous Plan Actions

Table 13-13 summarizes the actions that were recommended in the previous version of the hazard mitigation plan (Portage County Hazard Mitigation Plan) and their implementation status at the time this update was prepared.

Table 13-13. Status of Previous Plan Actions (2019)				
		Removed;	Carried Over to Plan Update	
Action Item	Completed	No longer Feasible	Check if Yes	Action # in Update
Develop a Stormwater Management Plan and integrate with Community Plans, Zones, and Ordinances. Mitigation number changed in 2024 to TNHMP4				
Comment: In 2024 New Hope participated in a 6-20 Culvert Inventory to identify any culverts in need of repair. A bridge assessment was also completed.				Unknown
Winter weather road cleaning to reduce snow build up/debris and trees along roadside to reduce roadway hazards. Mitigation number changed in 2024 to TNHHH2	\boxtimes			
Comment: 2024 budget included extensive brushing; turnarounds at several residences and road repairs.				
Develop a Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPPs). Mitigation number changed in 2024 to TNHMP5				
Comment: Develop a Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPPs).				Unknown

Table 13-13. Status of Previous Plan Actions (2019)

-	13.8 Hazard Mitigation Action Plan and Evaluation of Recommended Actions
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TNHHH1 Mitigation Action:	New Hope	
Activity Code:	TNHH1: Health and Safety	
Goal:	Emergency Management Center	
Additional Goals:	Also used as Temporary Emergency Shelter	
Action Item Summary:	Establish an Emergency Management Center Establish an Emergency Shelter when needed	
Action Item Description:	 Create a space where the Board can effectively manage a crisis from a central location, with adequate services, water, sanitation, utilities, and communications needed to complete tasks until crisis passes and emergency is resolved. Currently identified as North New Hope Church. Purchase and install a generator to provide emergency power 	
Hazard(s):	Widespread Town Emergency or Crisis, Public Health Emergency; Severe Weather Heat/Cold), Power Outage, Terrorism/Sabotage/Weapon of Mass Destruction, Water Failure, Internet & Communications Failure	
Lead Party Responsible:	Town of New Hope Board	
Supporting Parties:	Town Supervisors, Town Clerk, Town Treasurer, Emergency Management Team, Sheriff, Emergency Medical Facilities	
Estimated Cost:	Medium (generator and installation, upgrade internet and phone)	
Funding Method:	 Space: included in Town Hall agreement with Church May need to improve cell phone coverage and ensure adequate internet service Generator: seeking grants. 	
Benefits:	High	
Benefits New or Existing Assets:	 Will serve as a Command Center for the Town Board in the event of a crisis or disaster that impacts a large number of residents, and improve coordination of efforts until crisis is resolved. Secondarily will serve as a shelter when residents temporarily need a place to stay (extreme weather, power outage, tornado or high wind, fire, water failure) 	
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 years)	
Year Initiated:	2024	
Priority:	High	

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тлннн2	Mitigation Action: Town of New Hope	
Activity Code:	TNHH2: Health and Safety	
Goal:	Improve Safety on Town Roads in Severe Winter Weather	
Additional Goals:	Improve safety for pedestrians and bikers using local roads	
Action Item Summary:	 Winter weather road cleaning to reduce snow build up/debris and trees along roadside to reduce roadway hazards. May decrease icy patches and amount of salt/sand used, especially when thawing/freezing of snow on roads leads to ice. Decreased snow along roadsides may decrease risk of flooding during rapid snow melt (especially if ground is still frozen) Increase safety of pedestrians and bikers using town roads Keeping roads clear eases access for utility workers 	
Action Item Description:	 Protect the health and safety of New Hope residents by lessening the negative impacts of natural and technological hazards Develop a route plan to clean/treat roads during winter events. 	
Hazard(s):	Infrastructure Failure, Severe Weather, Flooding, Power Outage	
Lead Party Responsible:	Town of New Hope Board	
Supporting Parties:	Portage County Highway Dept., State of Wisconsin DOT/DOR	
Estimated Cost:	High	
Funding Method:	Grants - HMA, Public Assistance, other federal and state grants	
Benefits:	High	
Benefits New or Existing Assets:	 Improves safety of local roads during winter for drivers and pedestrians Reduces risk of accidents. 	
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 years)	
Year Initiated:	2019, updated 2024	
Priority:	High	

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ТNННР1	Mitigation Action: Town of New Hope	
Activity Code:	TNHHP1: Health and Safety	
Goal:	To Prevent and Mitigate Groundwater Contamination	
Additional Goals:	1. Decrease health risks due to agriculturally sourced nitrates and pesticides	
Action Item Summary:	 Encourage residents to have water tested regularly (free and low-cost programs available through the County and University) Encourage the County to continue monitoring test wells in Nelsonville for agsourced nitrates and pesticides. The County is assessing Livestock Siting and Operational Ordinances; the Town could support the County in adopting an ordinance. Support efforts of GCAC and Planning and Zoning on mitigating drinking water contamination. Investigate the amount and impact of human and municipal solid waste on town acreage by the City of Appleton and other sources Assess and document components with negative public health impacts contained within all municipal waste applied to town acreage (i.e. chemicals, hormones, pharmaceuticals, nutrients) Address negative human health impacts of agriculturally-applied pesticides, herbicides, and fungicides 	
Action Item Description:	1. Currently, monitoring and education are critical	
Hazard(s):	Water Failure. Public Health Emergency, Food Related/Agricultural Threats (food contamination, etc.) Public Health Emergency (emerging diseases, etc.)	
Lead Party Responsible:	Town of New Hope Board	
Supporting Parties:	GCAC, Portage County Planning and Zoning, WI DNR, EPA, Wisconsin Dept of Health Sciences (DHS), Portage County Health and Human Services	
Estimated Cost:	TBD	
Funding Method:	TBD	
Benefits:	High	
Benefits New or Existing Assets:	Health benefits: decreased risk of heart disease, cancer, miscarriage and birth defects, thyroid disease, and 'blue baby syndrome" (cyanosis). Farming benefits: decreased risk nitrate toxicity for calves and piglets, reduced risk of miscarriage in cattle Clean water is critical to livestock and dairy operations Clean water for residents increases property values and is attractive to potential future residents	
Implementation Schedule:	Long Term (5-10 years)	
Year Initiated:	2024	
Priority:	High	

TNHHP2 Mitigation Action: Town of New Hope				
Goal:	TNHHP2 Reduce Flooding Risks along Town Road Ditches			
Additional Goals:	 Reduce erosion along shoulders of town roads. Increase Property Value because of less risk of flooding Improve environment - decrease pests (insects) in stagnant ditch water, Increased health – reducing mosquito breeding areas, bacteria and fungi in wet areas to reduce health risks for humans and pets 			
Action Item Summary:	Develop a Stormwater Management Plan integrated with Community Plans, Zones, and Ordinances.			
Action Item Description:	 Given the high risk and probability ranking and widespread impact of stormwater impact (flooding), New Hope will work with Portage County Planning and Zoning and Highway Dept. to identify funding sources to develop a Stormwater Management Plan, after which the Town will develop a municipality-specific annex on stormwater management. Repair as needed two culverts identified as problematic in 6-20 Culvert Inventory 			
Hazard(s):	Flooding, Infrastructure Failure, Water Failure			
Lead Party Responsible:	Town of New Hope Board			
Supporting Parties:	Portage County Emergency Management, Floodplain Manager, Municipality EM and Planner, Planning and Zoning, Portage County Highway Dept.			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Funding Method:	Grants - HMA, Public Assistance, other federal and state grants, town budget			
Benefits:	High			
Benefits New or Existing Assets:	 Decreasing the erosion along town roads will save money in road repairs (especially along shoulders) Lowering the mosquito population by reducing breeding grounds and lowering the risk of harmful fungi by draining areas that encourage fungal growth is beneficial to community 			
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 years)			
Year Initiated:	2019, updated 2024			
Priority:	High			

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TNHHP3 Mitigation Action: Town of New Hope				
Goal:	TNHHP3 Assess the Risk of Wildfire			
Additional Goals:	 Decrease the risk to property and the environment Decrease the risk to human health Decrease the risk to domestic animals and wildlife 			
Action Item Summary:	Develop a Community Wildfire Protection Plan (CWPPs)			
Action Item Description:	Once funding is identified, and if the Municipality has been ranked 'high' or 'very high', the Town will work with Portage County Planning and Zoning and/or the State DNR to develop a wildfire plan			
Hazard(s):	Wildfire			
Lead Party Responsible:	Town of New Hope EM			
Supporting Parties:	Portage County EM, Local Fire Department, Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources, Portage County Planning and Zoning (GIS)			
Estimated Cost:	Medium			
Funding Method:	Town will seek funding advice from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resource			
Benefits:	Medium			
Benefits New or Existing Assets:				
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 Years)			
Year Initiated:	2019, updated 2024			
Priority:	Medium			

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TNHHE1 Mitigation Act	ion: Town of New Hope			
Goal:	TNHHE1 Improve disaster notification and communications to New Hope residents by various means.			
Additional Goals:	 Increase participation in town decisions. Raise awareness of community events. Provide information on voting, recycling, upcoming events, community opportunities, State regulations. 			
Action Item Summary:	 Improve website Improve posted communications 			
Action Item Description:	 Hire a specialist to improve the town website. Update website regularly, adding pertinent information and removing any outdated material Send postcards on time-sensitive or crucial information or events Purchase and install new kiosks to replace those at the old Town Hall and the east side of Sunset Lake. Move the Sunset Lake kiosk closer to the road for better visibility. Install a kiosk at North New Hope Church. Contact the Sheriff's Office Communication Center for information on the Portage County Emergency Warning system (phone); relay that information to the residents. 			
Hazard(s):	Internet & Communications Failure, Widespread Town Emergency or Crisis, Terrorism/Sabotage/Weapon of Mass Destruction, Food Related/Agricultural Threats (food contamination, etc.), Public Health Emergency (emerging diseases, etc.), Cyber Incident, Water Failure (Water/Wastewater)			
Lead Party Responsible:	Town Board			
Supporting Parties:	Portage County Sheriff's Office Communication Center, Portage County Emergency Management			
Estimated Cost:	Low			
Funding Method:	2024-2025 budget			
Benefits:	Keeping the residents updated on current information is really difficult. The Board and Clerk are researching other ways in which to effectively communicate without exorbitant costs.			
Benefits New or Existing Assets:				
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 years)			
Year Initiated:	2024			
Priority:	High			

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TNHHI1 Mitigation Acti	on: [Jurisdiction]			
Goal:	TNHHI1 Develop a Stormwater Management Plan and Integrate with Community Plans, Zones, and Ordinances			
Additional Goals:	Public Education, Property and Environment, Plan Integration, Intergovernmental Relationships			
Action Item Summary:	Develop Municipal Stormwater Management Plans (SWMPs) integrated with Community Plans, Zones, and Ordinances, with support from Portage County.			
Action Item Description:	 To demonstrably address potential flooding from stormwater runoff, the Town of New Hope] will complete a comprehensive Stormwater Management Plan (SWMP). This plan will involve a professional assessment of critical areas and existing infrastructure, followed by the development of a strategy that incorporates Best Management Practices (BMPs) like rain gardens and permeable pavement. The number and location of each BMP type will be clearly defined. A phased implementation timeline will prioritize high-risk areas and ensure long- term success through a dedicated maintenance plan. Public engagement will be central, with multiple meetings to gather feedback and ensure alignment with existing community plans. Upon finalization and approval, the SWMP will be implemented through secured funding and a designated team. Measurable progress will be tracked through performance monitoring of BMP effectiveness and reported publicly to demonstrate the plan's impact on mitigating future flood risks. 			
Hazard(s):	Flooding, Severe Thunderstorms, Severe Weather/Heavy Snowfall			
Lead Party Responsible:	Town Board			
Supporting Parties:	Portage County Planning and Zoning			
Estimated Cost:	Medium (\$10,000)			
Funding Method:	Grants – HMA; PA; Other Local, State, and Federal Grants			
Benefits	High			
Benefits New or Existing Assets:	New and Existing			
Implementation Schedule:	Short Term (1-5 years)			
Year Initiated:	2019, updated 2024			
Priority:	High			

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- 13.9 Public Outreach

13.9.1 Public Outreach Events/Activities

	Table 13-15. Public	c Outreach Events/Activities	
Event	Date	Summary	Attendees
Voting 2024	October 25, 2024	Field Trip – Amherst HS students met at New Hope Church to teach a class on Absentee Voting, voting equipment, voting security, and why you should vote.	40
Voting 2024	October 31, 2024	Iola-Scandinavia HS – met at HS to teach a class on Absentee Voting, voting equipment, voting security, and why you should vote.	120
Initial Mitigation Plan Development	· ·	Initiated work on Mitigation Plan and signed agreement with Emergency Management	5
August Regular Town Board Meeting	August 14, 2024	Public comment/questions solicited during Regular August Town Meeting and request for comments posted on Town Website regarding Mitigation Plan; no public comments were provided	30
Draft Mitigation Plan	October 17, 2024	Met with County Emergency Management to share information and develop plan.	2
Public Comment Session for Emergency Mitigation Plan	November 25, 2024	Available on Town Website, with invitation for public comment at town meeting or via email or phone to town clerk. One resident (and Board members) provided positive support of the plan. The Emergency Mitigation Plan received unanimous approval from the Board. It will be submitted to Portage County Emergency Management for approval.	9
Editing Final Draft of Emergency Mitigation Plan	January 15, 2025	Minor edits were made to the plan and posted on the Town Website, with copies sent to Board Members and County Emergency Manager.	3

13.9.2 Continued Public Participation

- The website is updated regularly, including posted agendas, minutes, notices, ordinances, and pertinent information on the town calendar and front page.
- Two postcards have been mailed out to inform residents, one for the special recycling event, and the second for a special electors meeting. Both postcards contained information about accessing the town website for up-to-date information.
- Posted agendas, official notices, and resolutions are posted in a timely fashion on the town kiosks, located at Sunset Lake and North New Hope Church.

The public is encouraged to come to monthly board meetings. Residents are reminded to seek information on the website.

13.10 Plan Monitoring, Implementation, and Future Updates

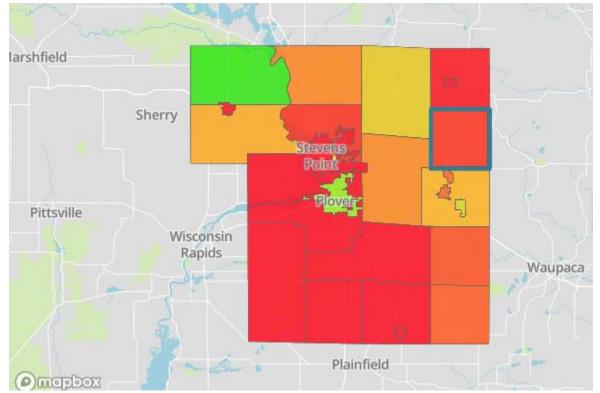
As a participant in the 2025 update to the Portage County Mitigation Plan, Town of New Hope agrees to convene their internal planning team at least annually to review their progress on hazard mitigation strategies and to update the plan based on new data or recent disasters.

When Portage County sends federal notices of funding opportunity for the Hazard Mitigation Assistance Grant Program, the jurisdiction will evaluate the viability of projects eligible for such grants and submit grant applications if appropriate to align with the priorities of the Hazard Mitigation Plan. This will be a key strategy to implement the plan.

13.11 Information Sources Used for This Annex

The following technical reports, plans, and regulatory mechanisms were reviewed for this annex.

- Portage County Planning Commission document
- Town of New Hope Planning Commission document
- The following outside resources and references were reviewed:
 - Portage County Planning and Zoning informational documents
 - US Census Bureau documents
 - Portage County Water Testing site
 - Portage County GCAC bylaws and management plan Wisconsin DNR regulations on fires and informational sheets on wildfires, including the fire ordinance example.



https://data.usatoday.com/census/total-population/total-population-change/new-hope-town-portage-county-wisconsin/060-5509756850/